

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue

14 November 2016

Version 1

## Section 1. Product and company identification

**Product name** : Fiber Glass, Continuous Filament  
**Product code** : 01014  
**Other means of identification** : Product Family: Product Name:  
Hercuflex® Strand HF, Assembled Roving

**Product type** : Article

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Industrial applications	
Uses advised against	Reason
None identified.	

### Supplier's details:

**Supplier** : Lite Fibers, LLC  
812 Marion Avenue  
Ellwood City, PA 15272

**Emergency telephone number** : 724 758 0123

## Section 1. Product and company identification

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : Not classified.

**Target organs** : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes.

### GHS label elements

**Signal word** : No signal word.

**Hazard statements** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** : Not applicable.

**Response** : Not applicable.

**Storage** : Not applicable.

**Disposal** : Not applicable.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : Material is not an electrical conductor and may accumulate static charge.  
Emits toxic fumes when heated.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Article

**Other means of identification** : Product Family: Product Name:  
Hercuflex® Strand HF, Assembled Roving, Hercuflex® Chop

### CAS number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

**EC number** : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Fibrous glass, continuous filament	> 88	65997-17-3
Organic Surface Binder/Sizing	< 12	Not available.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- |                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| <b>Eye contact</b>  | : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.          |
| <b>Inhalation</b>   | : None known.  |
| <b>Skin contact</b> | : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. If glass fiber becomes embedded, get medical attention. |
| <b>Ingestion</b>    | : Not a likely route of exposure.  |

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- |                                   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <b>Notes to physician</b>         | : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| <b>Specific treatments</b>        | : No specific treatment.  |
| <b>Protection of first-aiders</b> | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.  |

### Potential acute health effects

- |                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| <b>Eye contact</b>  | : Dusts from this product may cause temporary mechanical irritation.  |
| <b>Inhalation</b>   | : Dusts from this product may cause mechanical irritation of the nose, throat and respiratory tract.  |
| <b>Skin contact</b> | : Dusts from this product may cause temporary mechanical irritation.  |
| <b>Ingestion</b>    | : Although ingestion of this product is not likely to occur in industrial applications, accidental ingestion may cause illness or irritation of the mouth and gastrointestinal tract. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>               | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.   |
| <b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>             | : None known.   |
| <b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b> | : No specific fire or explosion hazard. Material is not an electrical conductor and may accumulate static charge. |
| <b>Hazardous thermal decomposition products</b>   | :   |

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Fiberglass will not burn, but smoking of the product may occur at approximately 400 - 500 °F (approximately 200 - 260 °C) due to decomposition of the surface binder. Surface binders may decompose in a fire situation and release carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and water. Additionally, there are many chemicals that can evolve during any partial decomposition of chemical products. The amounts or identities cannot be predicted and can differ in each situation..

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fiberglass itself will not support combustion, but in a sustained fire, proper protection against products of combustion from the fuel and sizing/binder must be worn.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No special protection is required.

**For emergency responders** : No special protection is required.

**Environmental precautions** : Fiberglass is generally considered to be an inert solid waste. No special precautions are needed in case of a release or spill.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container.

**Large spill** : Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container.

**Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** :  
  
Store in accordance with local regulations.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Synthetic vitreous fibers	<p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States).</b>  TWA: 1 f/cc Form: Continuous filament glass fibers  TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (Inhalable) Form: Continuous filament glass fibers  TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Form: Respirable  TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Form: Total dust</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).</b>  TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction  TWA: 1 f/cc 8 hours. Form: Respirable fibers: length greater than 5 uM; aspect ratio equal to or greater than 3:1 as determined by the membrane filter method at 400-450X magnification (4-mm objective) phase contrast illumination.</p>

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Good personal hygiene and the use of barrier creams, caps, protective gloves, cotton coveralls or long sleeved loose fitting clothing will maximize comfort. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Work clothing should be laundered separately from other clothing before reuse. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye protection** : Safety glasses with side shields.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Use gloves to protect against physical irritation or injury if required by handling conditions.

**Body protection** : Wear clean, body-covering clothing.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** :

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

If dust is generated and ventilation is inadequate, use respirator that will protect against dust/mist. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Physical state	: Solid.
Color	: White to yellowish.
Odor	: Odorless.
pH	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: Not applicable. [Product does not sustain combustion.]
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.5
Solubility	: Insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: None known.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Fiberglass products may release small amounts of acetic acid and other organic materials at elevated temperatures.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

#### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Eyes** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Respiratory** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Respiratory** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** :  
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

**Target organs** : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Dusts from this product may cause temporary mechanical irritation.
- Inhalation** : Dusts from this product may cause mechanical irritation of the nose, throat and respiratory tract.
- Skin contact** : Dusts from this product may cause temporary mechanical irritation.
- Ingestion** : Although ingestion of this product is not likely to occur in industrial applications, accidental ingestion may cause illness or irritation of the mouth and gastrointestinal tract.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** :  
No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

- Conclusion/Summary** : There are no known health effects from the long term use or contact with nonrespirable continuous filament fibers, which is the type of fiberglass that PPG produces. Nonrespirable fibers cannot reach the deep lung because they have a diameter of greater than 3.5 micrometers. Fibers of this diameter cannot penetrate the narrow, bending passages of the human respiratory tract to reach the lower regions of the lung and thus, have no possibility of causing serious pulmonary damage. Instead, they deposit on the surfaces of the upper respiratory tract, nose, or pharynx. These fibers are then cleared through normal physiological mechanisms.

Animal Study: In 2000, the Institute of Occupational Medicine (IOM) in Scotland published the results of a long term inhalation study in animals exposed to fibers that were manufactured to be RESPIRABLE. Animals were exposed to a very high concentration of these RESPIRABLE fibers (1022 fibers/cc for 5 hours/day, 7 days/week for 52 weeks). Exposure to these microfibers resulted in the development of fibrosis, lung cancer and mesothelioma as a result of the fibers being able to reach the lower regions of the lung.

Chopped, crushed or severely mechanically processed fiberglass may contain a very small amount of respirable fibers that could reach the deep lung. The measured airborne concentration of these respirable fibers in areas where severe processing of fiberglass occurred has been shown to be extremely low and well below the TLV. Repeated or prolonged exposure to respirable glass fibers may cause fibrosis, lung cancer and mesothelioma. Lite Fibers fiberglass, in the form supplied, does not contain respirable fibers.

Epidemiology Studies: Two major studies in the US (performed by the University of Pittsburgh) and Europe (performed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer) showed no increase in lung cancer or respiratory disease among people working in production facilities producing NONRESPIRABLE continuous filament fiberglass. An additional smaller study performed in Canada also did not show an association between exposure of workers to fiberglass and respiratory cancer.



## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Potential delayed effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Potential delayed effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

**Other information** :

Emits toxic fumes when heated.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Ecotoxicity

Not available.

### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient ( $K_{oc}$ )** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

## Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

### Additional information

**Brazil** : None identified.  
**Risk number** : Not available.  
**IMDG** : None identified.  
**IATA** : None identified.

**Special precautions for user** : -

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product** : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

## Section 16. Other information

### History

**Date of previous issue** : No previous validation  
**Version** : 1  
**Prepared by** : Lite Fibers, LLC

## Section 16. Other information

**Key to abbreviations** :

- ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
- ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
- RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- UN = United Nations

**References** :

- ABNT NBR 14725-4
- ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

**Other information** :

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Disclaimer

*The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by Lite Fibers, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.*